

1Q of FY Ending in March 2027

Financial Results Briefing Materials (30th July 2026)



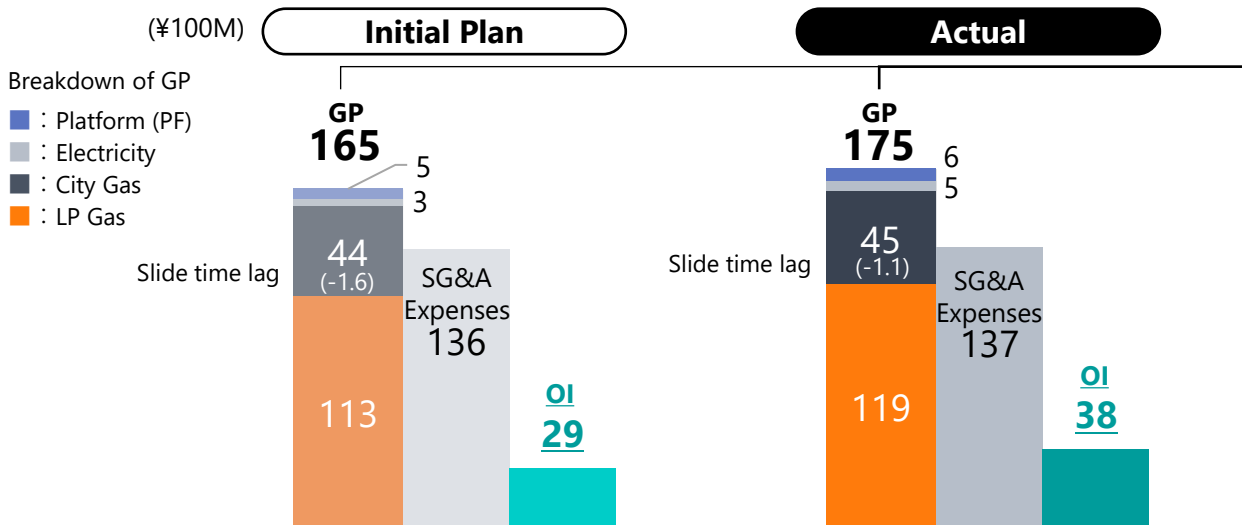
Vs. Plan(1) Results for the 1Q of FYE 03/27

GP exceeded the plan by +¥1.0B due to increases in both LP Gas margin and sales volumes. SG&A Expenses were controlled as planned (+¥0.1B vs. the plan). OI exceeded the plan by +¥0.9B.

FYE 03/27 1Q (Apr.-June)

Key Points of GP

() against plan, and unit is in ¥100M



+10 vs. plan

PF (+1)

- Recorded large orders in Construction PF

Electricity (+2)

- The rise in fuel prices has been more modest than projected, leading to expanded margin

City Gas (+1)

- The rise in raw material prices has been more modest than projected, leading to expanded margin
- Growth in Equipment GP

LP Gas (+6)

- Residential sales volume increased due to low temperature in June
- C&I margin expanded more than expected
- Growth in Equipment GP

New Segment Reporting

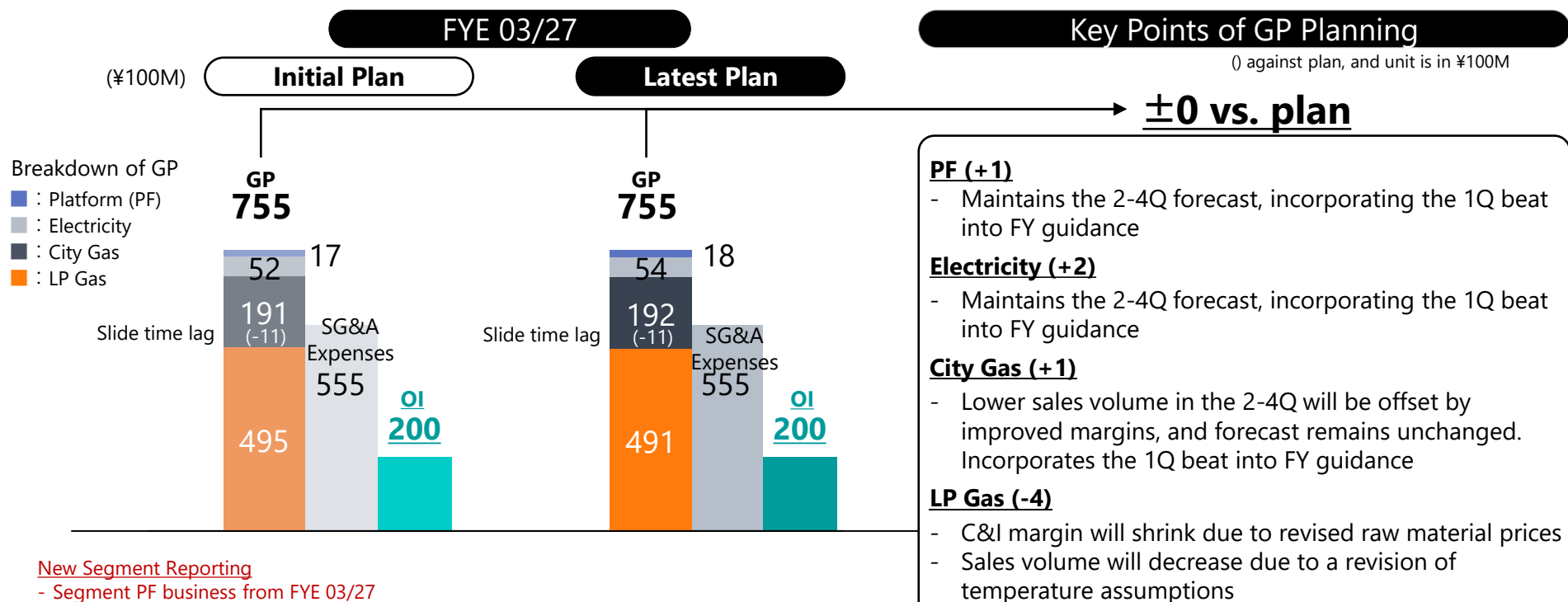
- Segment PF business from FYE 03/27

(¥100M)	Initial Plan
Gross Profit (GP)	165
SG&A Expenses	136
Operating Income (OI)	29
Net Income	20
EPS	¥18.9

Actual	+/-
175	+10
137	+1
38	+9
26	+6
¥24.4	+¥5.5

Vs. Plan(2) Forecast for FYE 03/27

Continues to project FY GP of ¥75.5B, factoring in current raw material price assumptions and the 2H temperature forecasts. FY OI forecast remains unchanged at ¥20.0B.

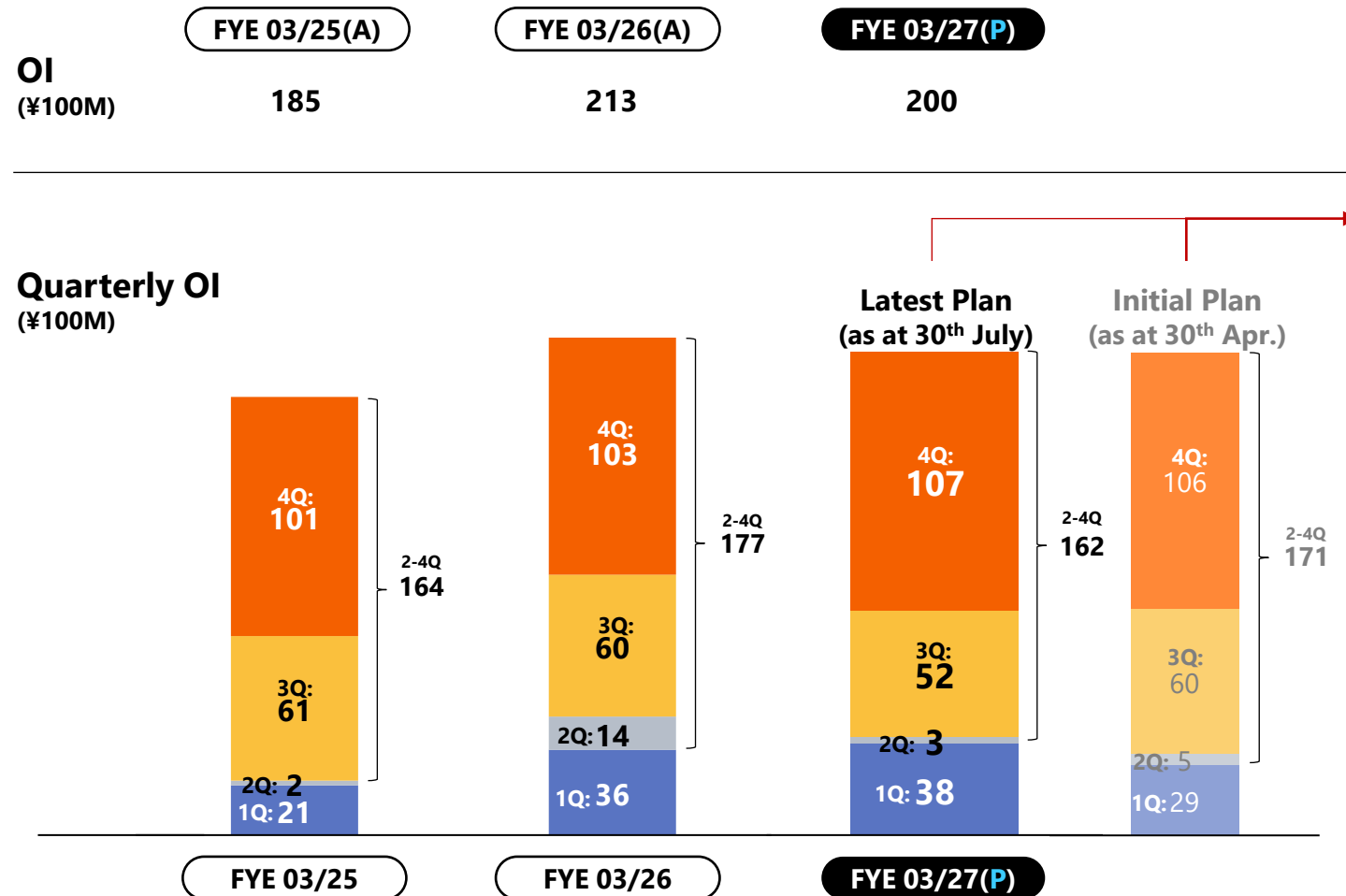


(¥100M)	Initial Plan	Latest Plan	+/-
Gross Profit (GP)	755	755	0
SG&A Expenses	555	555	0
Operating Income (OI)	200	200	0
Net Income	140	140	0
EPS	¥132.3	¥132.3	¥0

Detailed Profit Plan	Initial Plan	Latest Plan
LP Gas residential margin (¥/kg)	232	234
CP average price (US\$/t)	720	650
Average exchange rate (¥/US\$)	160	160
Electricity margin (¥/kWh)	2.9	3.1
LNG CIF average price (JPY '000/t)	141	131
Average temperature (°C)	17.0	17.3

Vs. Plan(3) Operating Income (OI) Forecast for FYE 03/27

Although OI in the 1Q exceeded the plan, continues to project FY OI of ¥20.0B (no change to the plan). This is taking into account current raw material price assumptions and the 2H temperature forecasts.



◆ vs. Initial Plan (¥100M)

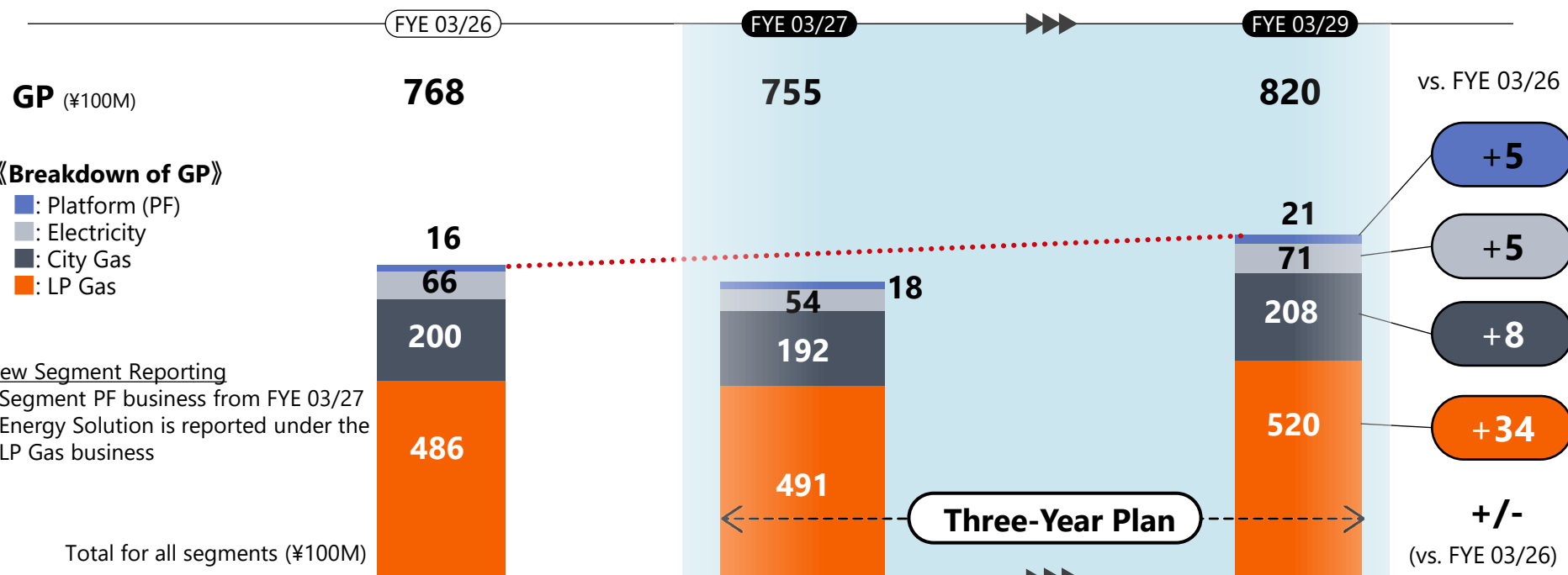
2-4Q (Initial Plan):	171
2-4Q (Latest Plan):	162
	-9

< Breakdown >

GP	-10
: LP Gas Residential	-4
: C&I	-6
: Electricity	0
: City Gas	0
: Platform	0
SG&A Expenses	-1
: Others	-1

Vs. Plan(4) Three-Year Plan (FYE 03/27 - 03/29) The Details of Profits

Plans to achieve OI of ¥25.0B in FYE 03/29 through organic growth. ROE of around 22% serves as NICIGAS' commitment to capital efficiency. Enhancing ROE through steady profit growth.



Gross Profit (GP)	768	755	820	+52
SG&A Expenses	555	555	570	+15
Operating Income (OI)	213	200	250	+37
Net Income	148	140	175	+27
ROE	22%		around 22%	
ROIC	13%		around 13%	

SG&A in the 1Q was largely in line with the plan. The cost increase stemming from inflation and the strategic advance procurement of materials and equipment were offset by initiatives including enhanced sales efficiency and optimal utilization of equipment. FY plan of ¥55.5B remains unchanged.

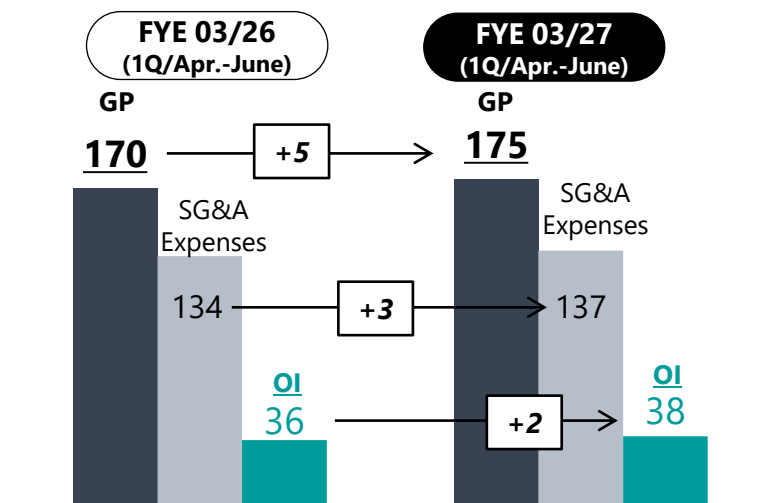
*Figures rounded down to the nearest integer. Calculated the progress rate after converting FYE 03/27 plan and actual figures in ¥100M

Breakdown of SG&A Expenses (¥100M)	FYE 03/27		Progress vs. FY(P)	Key Points	FYE 03/26	
	FY (P)	1Q (A)			FY (A)	1Q (A)
1. Personnel Cost	155	36	23%	- Maintaining investments in human capital (4.0% salary increase rate) while controlling expenditures within the plan	151	35
2. D&A Expenses ^{(*)i}	82	19	23%		82	20
3. Cost to Acquire ^{(*)ii}	48	11	23%	- <u>¥0.1B vs. plan.</u> Reduced customer acquisition costs by streamlining sales operations	48	12
4. IT Related Expenses	41	11	27%		44	12
5. Commission, etc. ^{(*)iii}	50	12	24%	- <u>¥0.1B vs. plan.</u> Deferred to the 2Q or later	50	13
6. Gas Related Equipment, etc.	32	11	34%	- <u>¥0.3B vs. plan.</u> Impact of the advance procurement to mitigate future supply chain risks	35	8
7. Cost to Deliver LP Gas Cylinders	35	9	26%		33	8
8. Repair Expenses ^{(*)iv}	22	5	23%		24	4
9. Tax	21	6	29%		21	5
10. Communication Cost ^{(*)v}	12	3	25%		11	3
11. Advertising Expenses	12	3	25%		10	2
12. Travel Expenses	7	2	29%		7	2
13. Call Center	5	1	20%		5	1
14. Others	33	8	24%		34	9
Total	555	137	25%		555	134

(*)i D&A expenses for IT are included in "4. IT Related Expenses", and amortization of goodwill is included in "14. Others" (*ii) The amount of expenses for sales and services for LP Gas, City Gas, and Electricity business (*iii) Integrated cost for "safety inspection, meter reading, etc." into "5. Commission, etc." from FYE 03/24 (*iv) For repairing gas cylinders, gas equipment, etc. and cylinder inspection cost (*v) For communication with customers and telecommunication cost of Space Hotaru

GP increased due to expanded LP margin and PF also grew. Electricity decreased due to lower margin. Customer base has been steadily expanding. Curb growth in SG&A expenses, offsetting cost increases from personnel cost and inflation by optimizing customer acquisition. OI increased.

Gross Profit (GP)/SG&A Expenses/ Operating Income (OI) (¥100M)

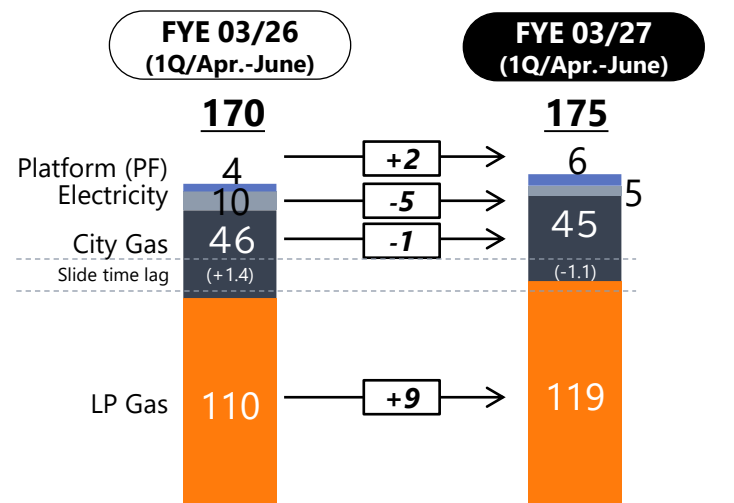


	FYE 03/26 (1Q/Apr.-June)	FYE 03/27 (1Q/Apr.-June)
Net Income (¥100M)	26	26
EPS	¥24.1	¥24.4

Breakdown of GP (¥100M)

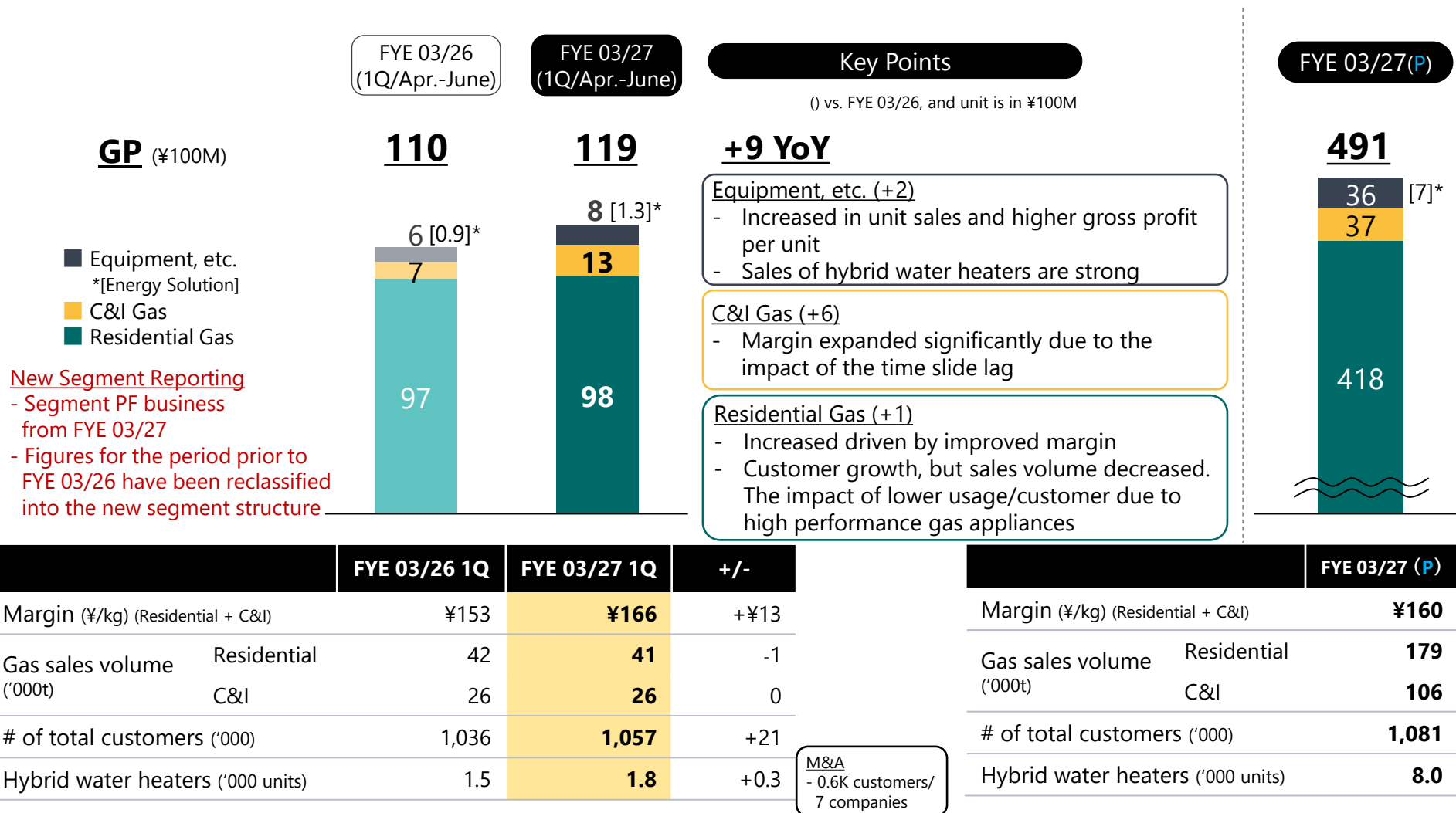
*Figures rounded down to the nearest integer

*Disclosed after reclassifying into new segment



Sales Volume	FYE 03/26 (1Q/Apr.-June)	FYE 03/27 (1Q/Apr.-June)
LP Gas ('000t)	68	67
City Gas ('000t)	77	76
Electricity (GWh)	322	292

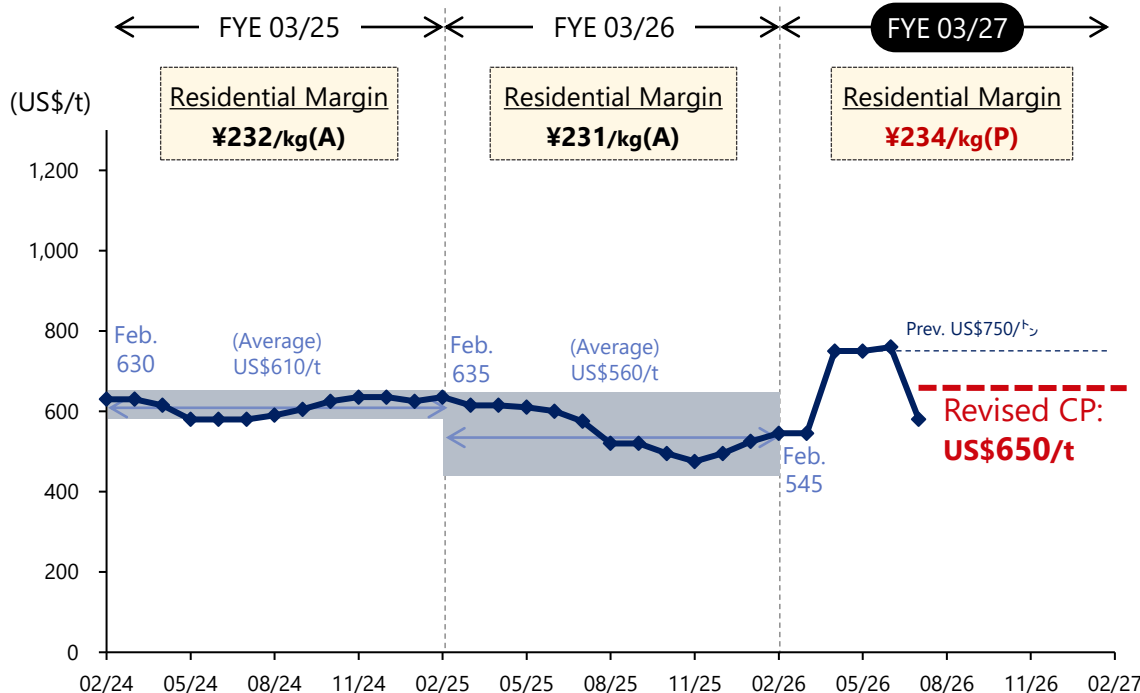
GP increased. C&I margin expanded affected by materials price. Equipment, etc. GP grew, driven by an increase in unit sales and higher gross profit per unit. FY plan revised from ¥49.5B to ¥49.1B, reflecting updated assumptions for raw material prices and temperatures.



LP Gas Raw Material Price (CP)

From Aug. 2026, revised CP from US\$750/t to US\$650/t and maintains the exchange rate at ¥160/US\$. Ensures a full-year residential margin at a level of around ¥230/kg.

LP Gas Raw Material Price (CP)



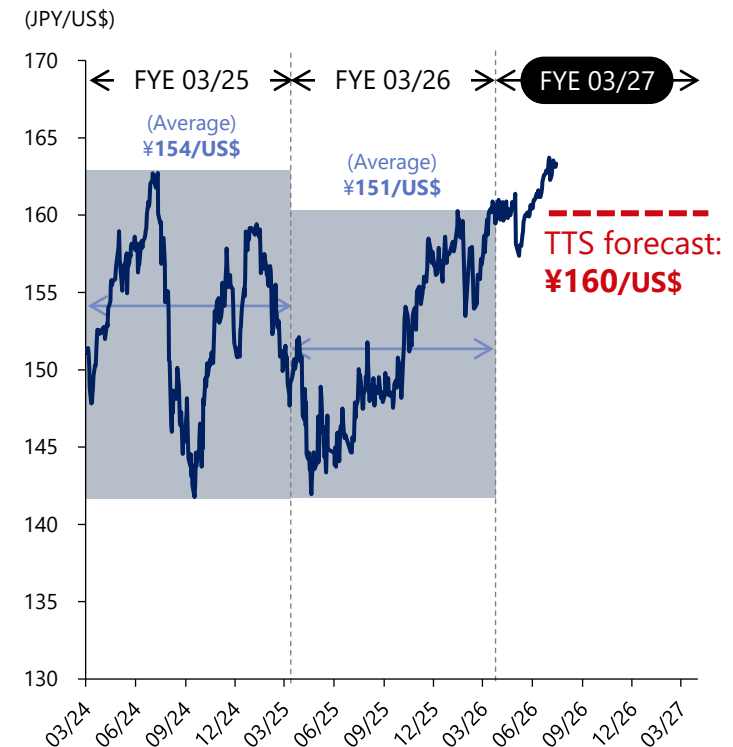
(US\$/t)	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
2024	620	630	630	615	580	580	580	590	605	625	635	635
2025	625	635	615	615	610	600	575	520	520	495	475	495
2026	525	545	545	750	750	760	580					

*Highlighted CP made up COGS through the 1Q of FYE 03/27

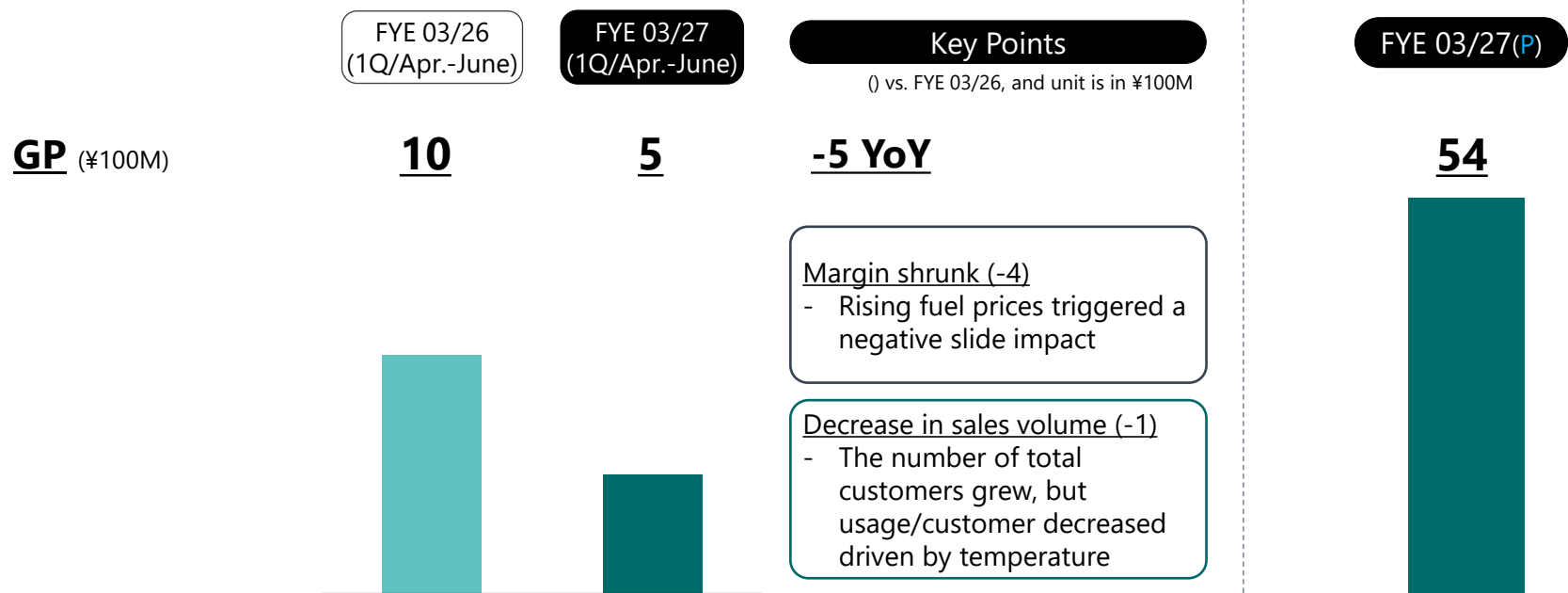
* CP makes up COGS after about 2-3 months

*Agilely secure appropriate margins
(some exclusions may apply due to the nature of the product)

Exchange Rate (TTS)



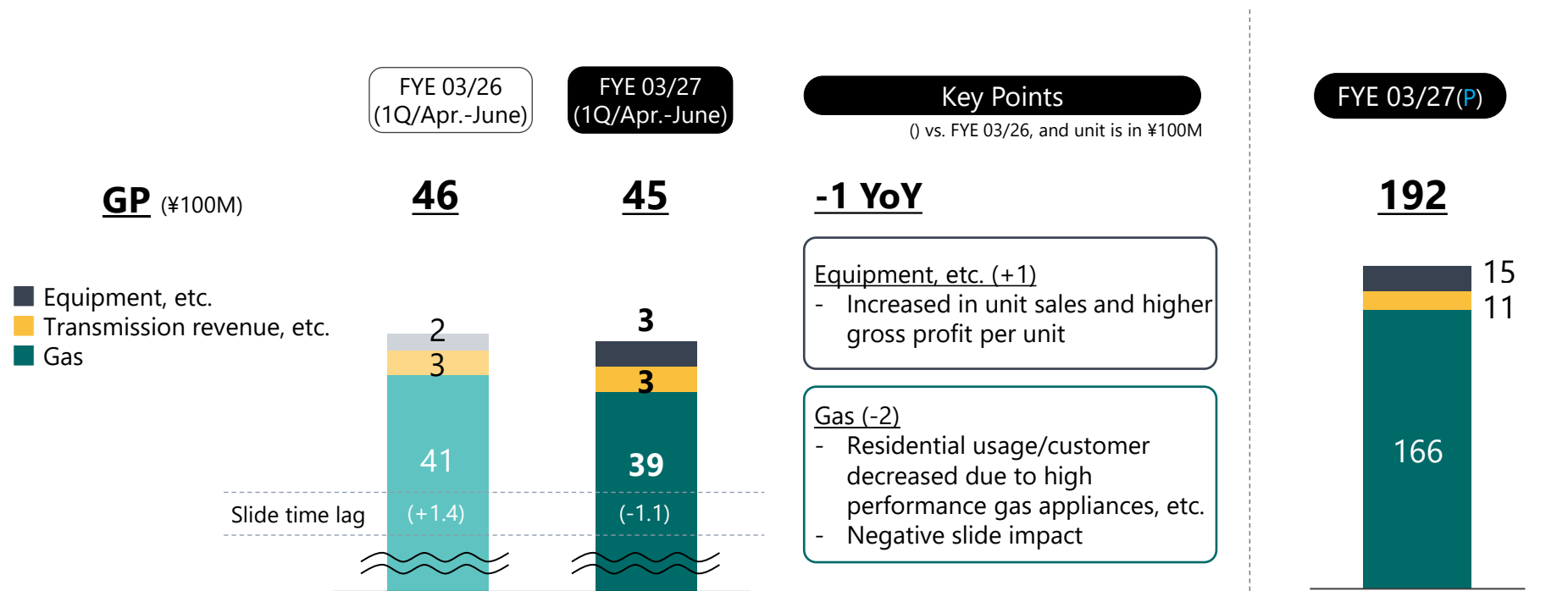
GP decreased YoY due to margin shrinkage and other factors. Expects the negative slide impact will be limited in the 2H, projecting a profit margin expansion compared to the 1Q. FY plan revised from ¥5.2B to ¥5.4B, given that the 1Q margin exceeded expectations.



	FYE 03/26 1Q	FYE 03/27 1Q	+/-
Margin (¥/kWh)	¥3.1	¥1.8	-¥1.3
Sales volume (GWh)	322	292	-30
# of total customers ('000)	389	409	+20
E&G bundled rate	23.9%	24.5%	+0.6%

	FYE 03/27 (P)
Margin (¥/kWh)	¥3.1
Sales volume (GWh)	1,761
# of total customers ('000)	454
E&G bundled rate	26.5%

GP slightly decreased YoY. While residential sales volume declined, the number of customers is steadily increasing(+19K YoY). FY plan revised from ¥19.1B to ¥19.2B, given that factors such as the growth in the 1Q Equipment, etc. GP. Updated assumptions for raw material prices and temperatures.

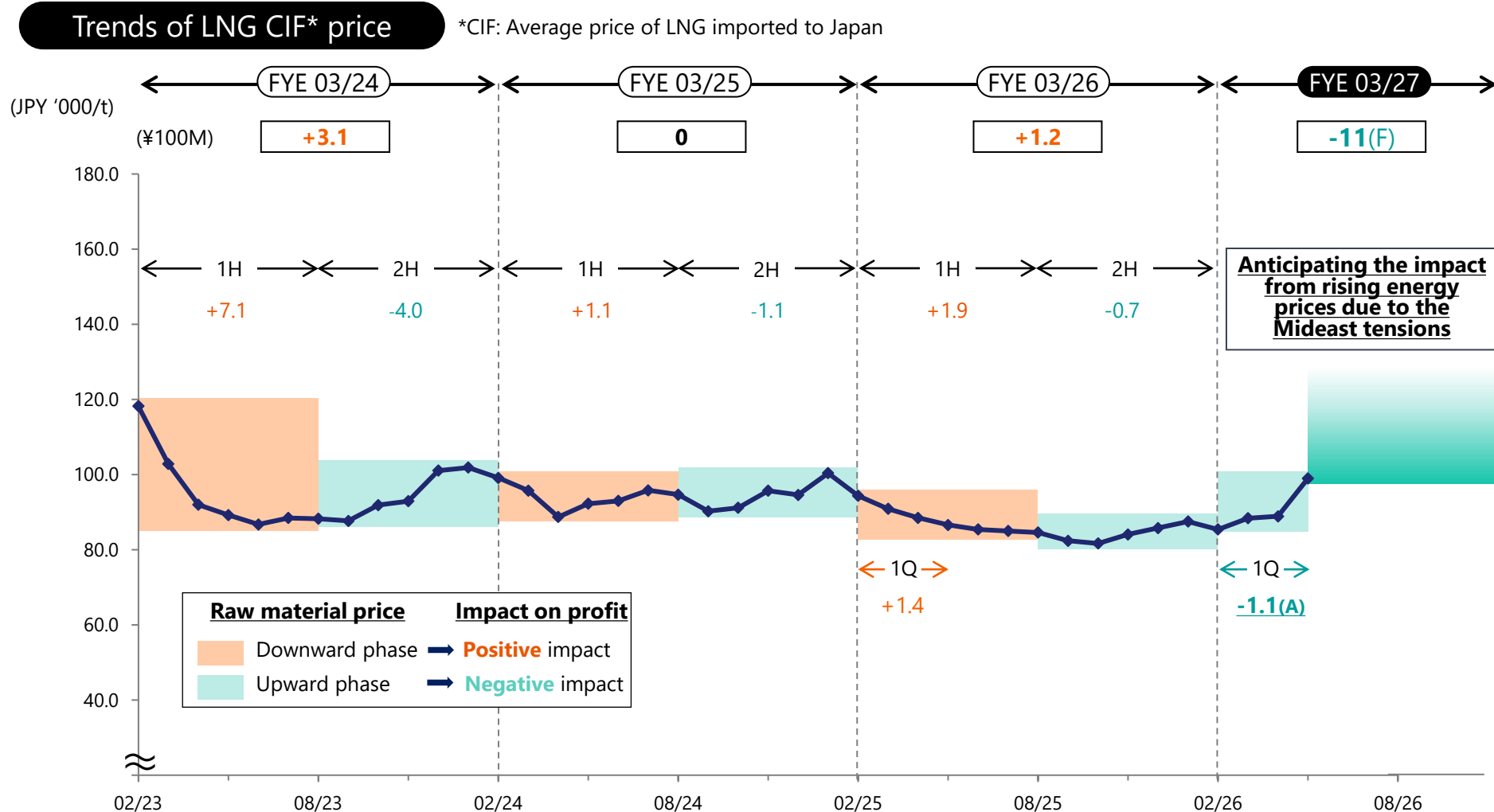


		FYE 03/26 1Q	FYE 03/27 1Q	+/-
Slide time lag (¥100M)		+1.4	-1.1	-2.5
Gas sales volume ('000t)	Residential	33	32	-1
	C&I	44	44	0
# of total customers ('000)		594	613	+19

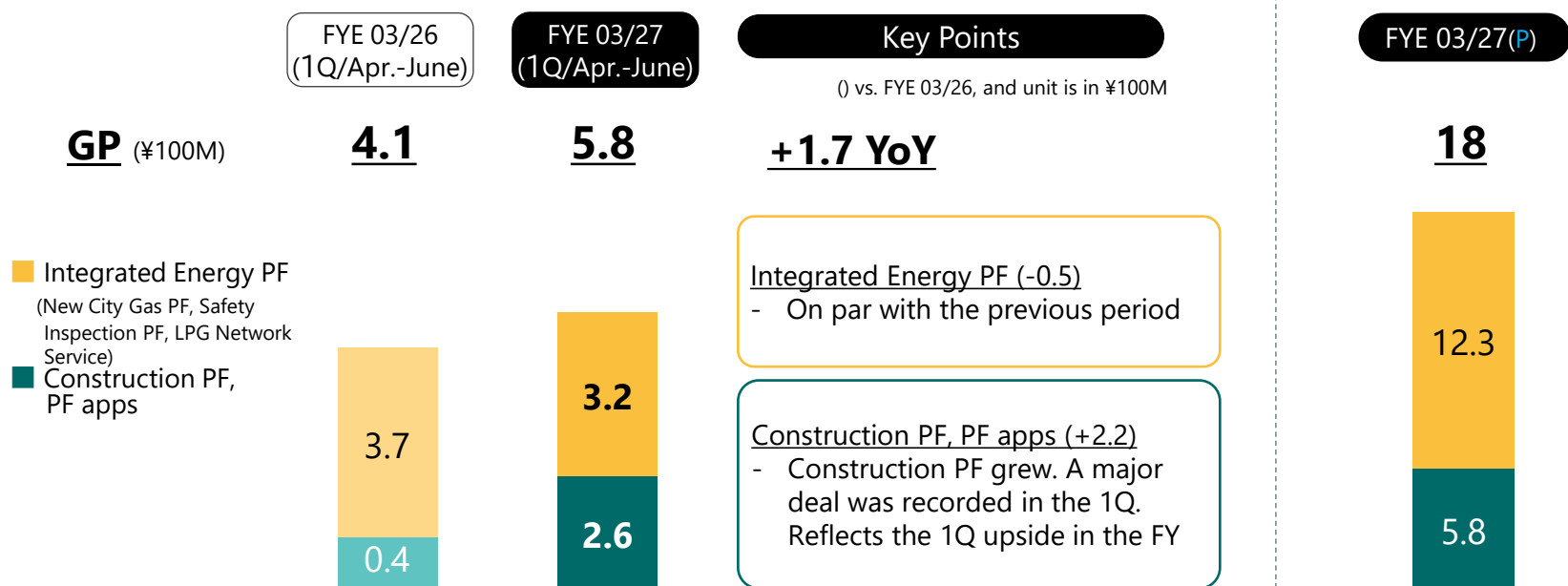
		FYE 03/27 (P)
Slide time lag (¥100M)		-11
Gas sales volume ('000t)	Residential	147
	C&I	196
# of total customers ('000)		629

Impact from Raw Material Cost Adjustment (Slide Time Lag)

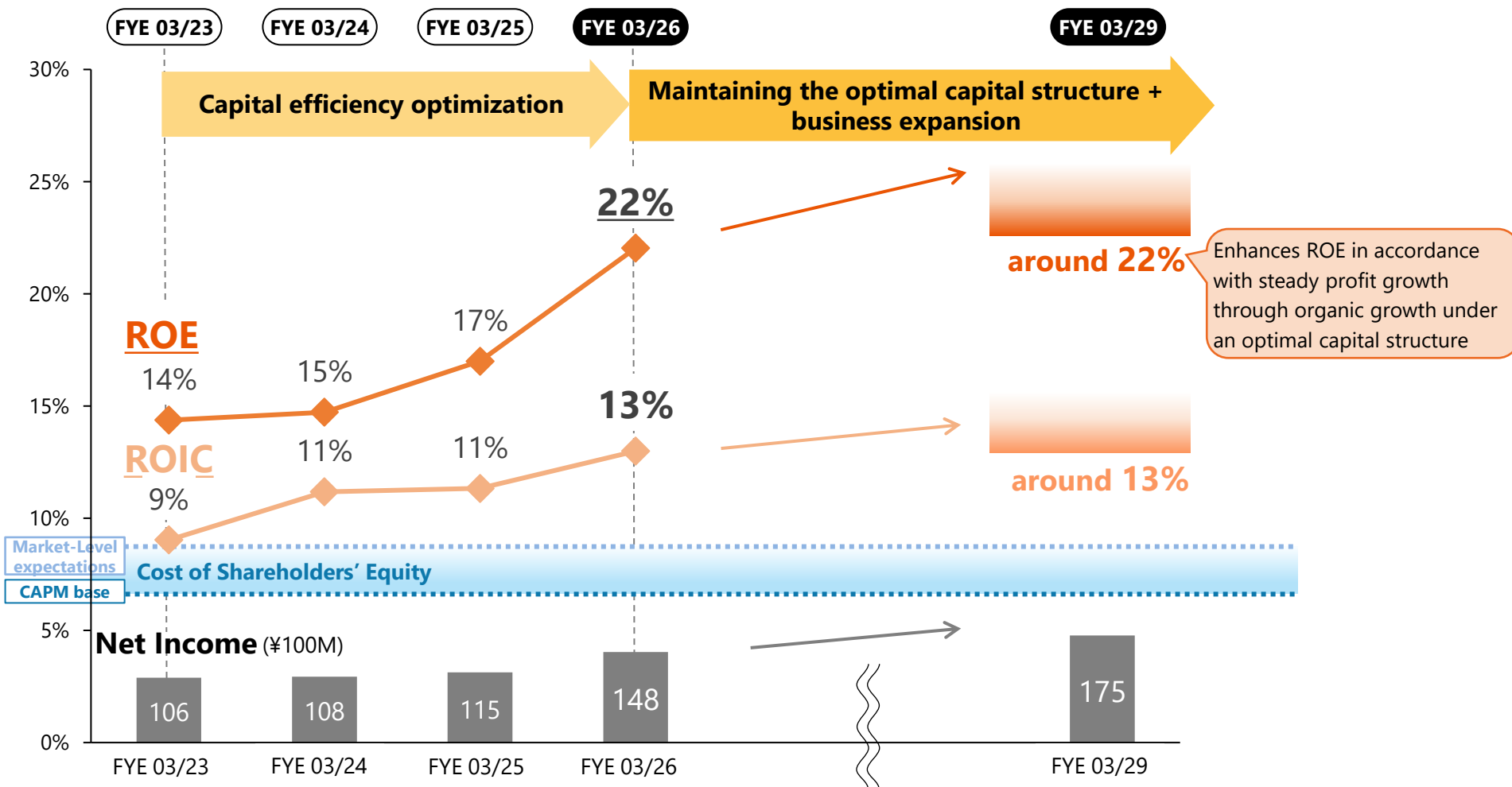
Slide time lag impact in the 1Q (Apr.-June) was -¥0.11B. The rise in raw material prices has been more modest than projected. The full-year slide time lag remains unchanged at -¥1.1B. Assuming a continued rise in energy prices resulting from the escalating tensions in the Mideast.



GP increased. Construction PF grew. FY plan revised from ¥1.7B to ¥1.8B, taking into account of the 1Q results. Demand for Construction PF and Safety Inspection PF is projected to increase due to severe labor shortage.



Enhances corporate value by maintaining high capital efficiency and steady profit growth. Placing strong emphasis on maximizing Economic value added (EP) as set forth in the “Growth Investment Guidance,” will increase growth investments that exceed the capital cost.



For details on NICIGAS' capital policy, please refer to NICIGAS' Capital Strategy to be released on 30th July.

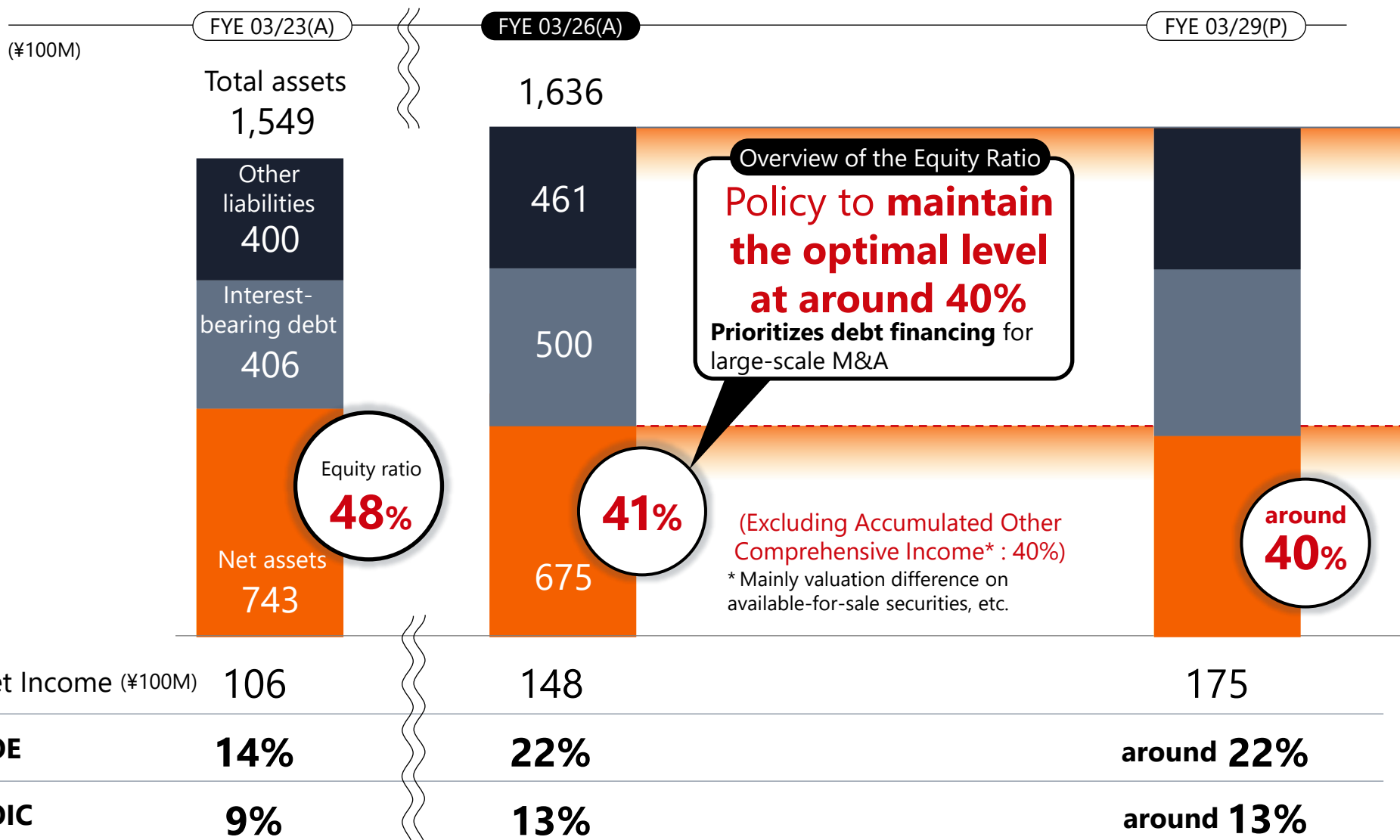
Link: <https://www.nichigas.co.jp/en/ir/library/capital>

Capital Strategy(2) Balance Sheet (B/S) Control Optimal Equity Ratio

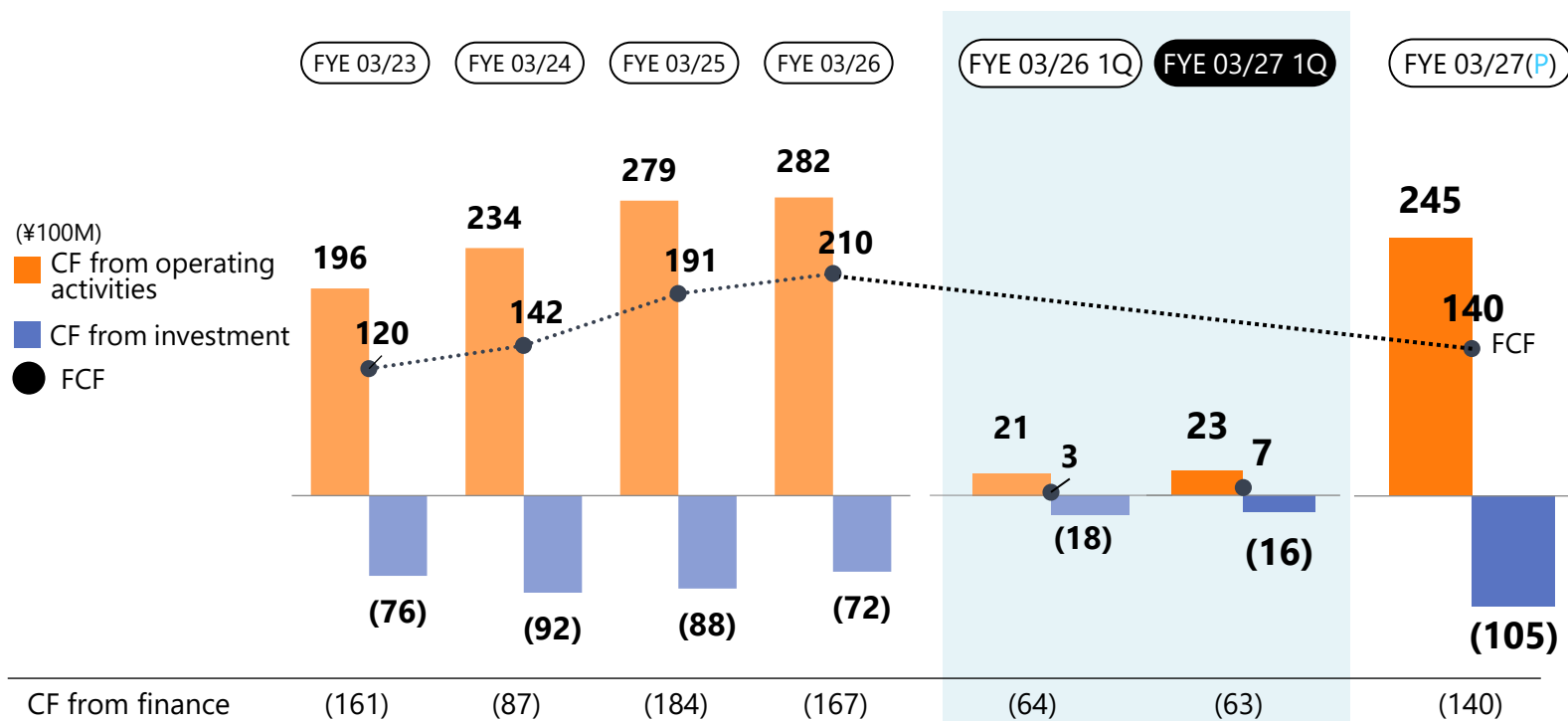
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Maintains a policy of not holding unnecessary shareholders' equity, keeping NICIGAS' equity ratio at 40% without significantly expanding its assets.



CF from operating activities for the 1Q increased YoY. Progress for investment was in line with the previous period. Will proactively allocate funds to growth investments, including LP Gas acquisitions, to drive the enhancement of medium- to long-term corporate value.



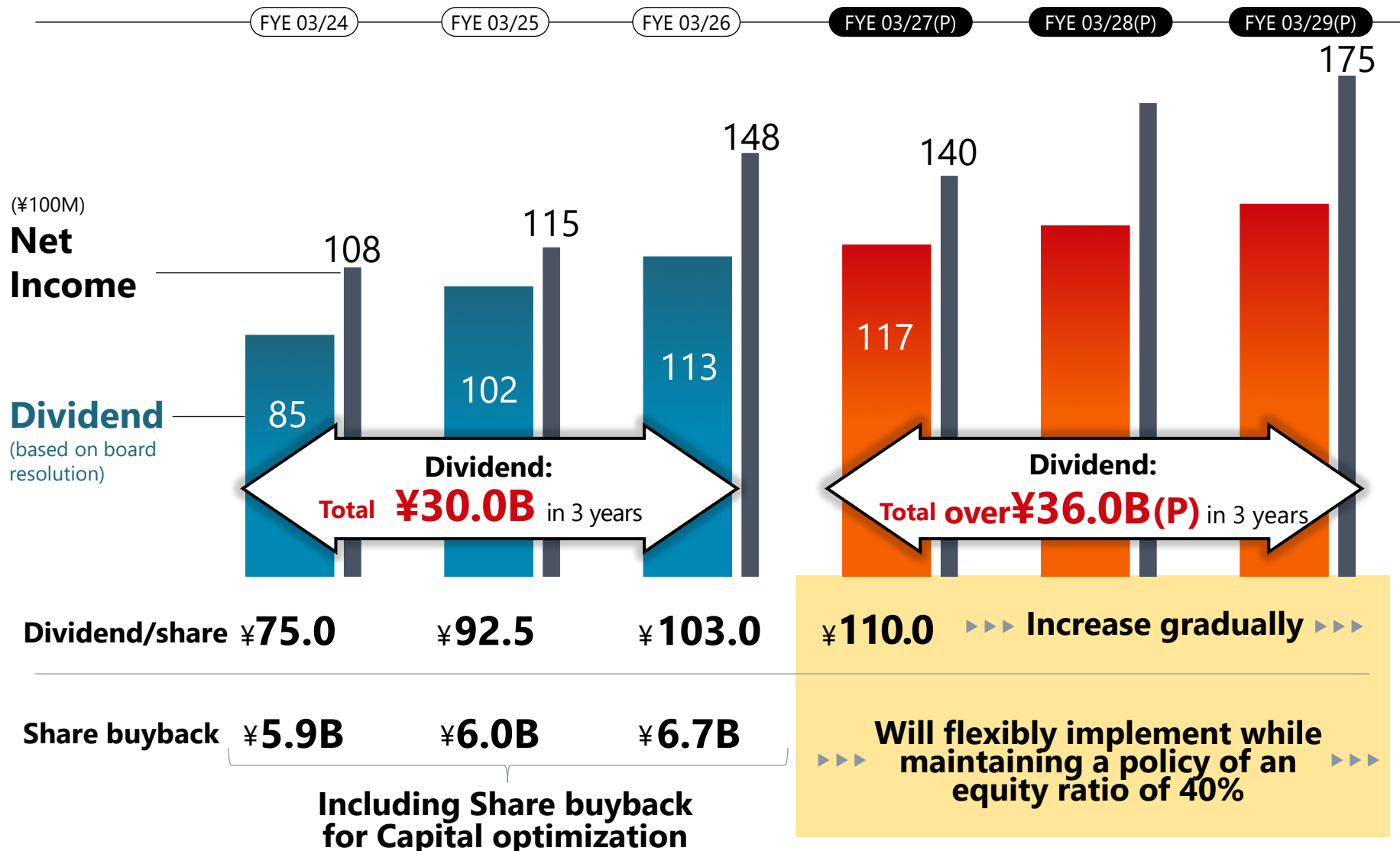
Breakdown of CF from investment (¥100M)	FYE 03/23	FYE 03/24	FYE 03/25	FYE 03/26	FYE 03/26 1Q	FYE 03/27 1Q	FYE 03/27(P)
LPG	16	25	24	22	3	4	48 (D&A)
[Incl. LPG M&A]	[3]	[5]	[11]	[5]	[1]	[2]	[25] [(7)]
ICT	29	30	21	12	4	2	12 (17)
City Gas	33	41	45	44	11	12	45 (52)
Others (Investment in securities, etc.)	(2)*	(5)*	(2)*	(6)*	0	(2)	-

(* is positive effect on CF)

✓LPG: Will increase M&A investment as required

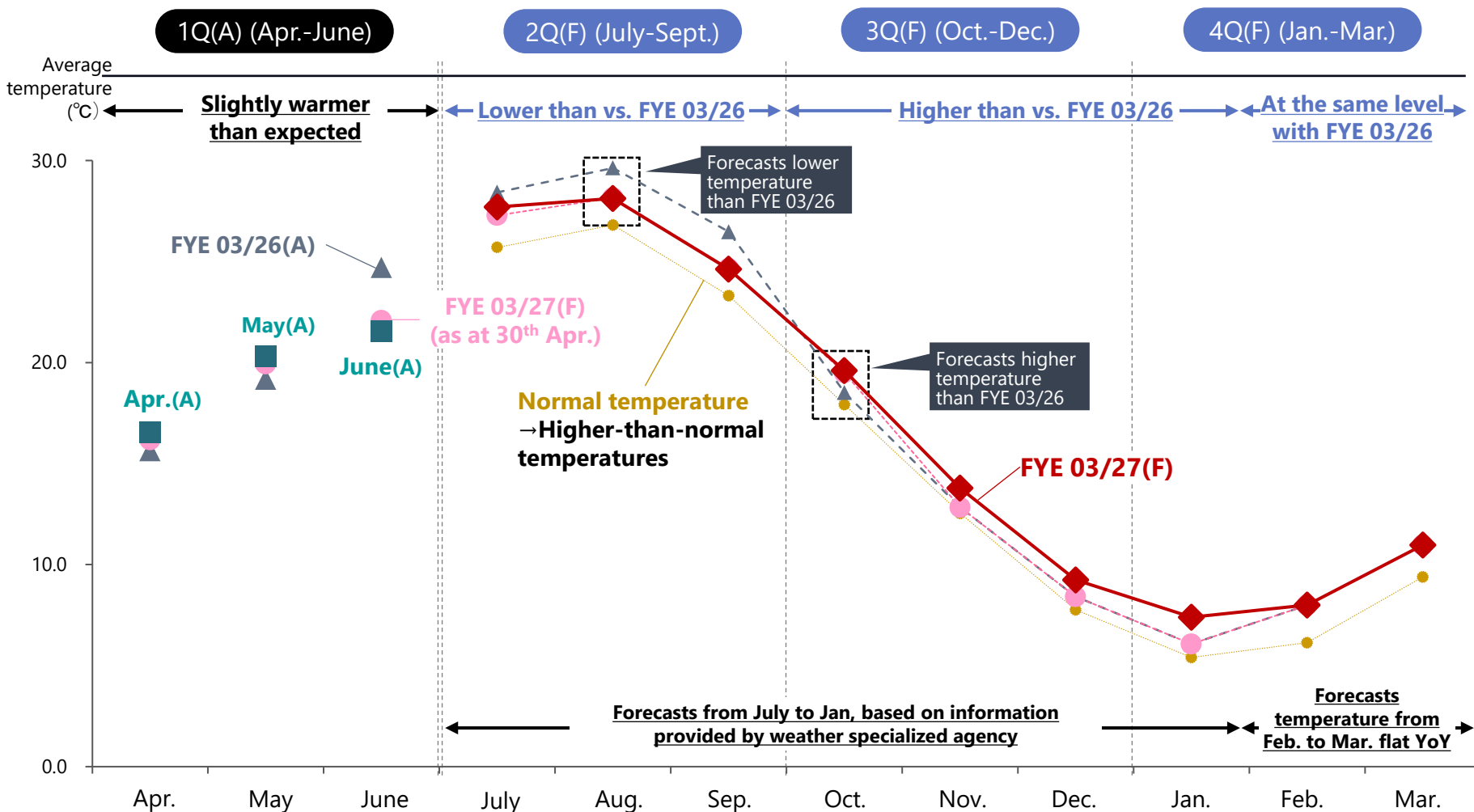
✓ICT: Shifts to operating phase from FYE 03/25, gradually decreasing new investment

Enhancing shareholder return, focusing on dividend, under a policy of not holding unnecessary shareholders' equity. NICIGAS achieves sustainable high dividends as follows: 1) substantial room for customer base expansion with minimal Capex, 2) generating stable Cash Flow.



Reference Material(1) Average Temperature

The 1Q FYE 03/27 was slightly warmer than anticipated. The July - Sept. temperatures forecast remains largely unchanged from the initial plan and are expected to be lower than the previous period. Revised the temperature forecasts from Oct. - Jan. upward.



(*) (A) is actual average temperature in Tokyo (Source: Japan meteorological agency)

Reference Material(2) Key Financial Data by Segment

Gross Profit(GP)*1(¥100M)	FYE 03/23	FYE 03/24	FYE 03/25	FYE 03/26 (A)	FYE 03/27 (Initial P)	FYE 03/27 (Latest P)	Key Points of Latest Plan for FYE 03/27	FYE 03/29 (P)
LP Gas (incl. Equipment, etc.)	453	483	483	486	495	491		520
# of total customers ('000)	973	997	1,030	1,051	1,081	1,081		1,141
Gas sales volume ('000t) Residential/C&I	186/121	179/114	178/109	181/106	181/106	179/106	- Revised temperature assumptions upward	188/115
Usage/customer	226	215	208	206	200	198		197
Residential margin (¥/kg)	212	233	232	231	232	234	- Cost projection from Aug. 2026 onward based on the assumptions of CP of US\$650/t, exchange rate of ¥160/US\$	232
Hybrid water heaters cumulative sales ('000 units)	2	4	9	16	24	24		40
City Gas (incl. Equipment, etc.)	203	205	196	200	191	192		208
# of total customers ('000)	667*2	601	590	609	629	629		669
Gas sales volume ('000t) Total of Residential and C&I	378	365	344	338	349	343	- Revised temperature assumptions upward	359
Slide time lag (¥100M)	-3.1	+3.1	0	+1.2	-11	-11	- Assumes a rise in raw material prices	0
Electricity	30	37	52	66	52	54		71
# of total customers ('000)	320	345	381	404	454	454		554
E&G bundled rate (%)	19.5	21.6	23.5	24.3	26.5	26.5		30.1
Sales volume (GWh)	1,297	1,427	1,587	1,723	1,787	1,765	- Reviewed based on the 1Q results	2,166
Margin (¥/kWh)	2.3	2.6	3.3	3.8	2.9	3.1	- Reviewed based on the 1Q results	3.3
Platform	11	11	14	16	17	18		21

*1: Disclosed after reclassifying into new segment

*2: As of Jan 2024, due to the legal separation of pipeline division in group restructuring, the disclosure method for city gas customer numbers will be changed to the number of retail contracts currently being supplied

Reference Material(3)

Current Situation of Raw Material Procurement

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Ensures long-term stable procurement while minimizing the risk from cost fluctuations.
Proactively manages the impact of raw material price fluctuations on profit through agile actions.

LP Gas

NICIGAS' procurement

- Supplier: Oil wholesaler/ trading company
⇒ **Diversified procurement** from about 10 suppliers

Impact of raw material price fluctuations on profit

- Residential: **Minimal impact on profit due to price adjustment**
- C&I: Retail price is linked to raw material price, **resulting in a time lag impact**

Slide time lag (C&I)

Raw material price Impact on Profit

- Downward phase ➡ **Negative** impact
 Upward phase ➡ **Positive** impact

Raw Materials Price Index

- Contract Price (CP), Mont Belvieu price (MB), Exchange rate

Electricity

NICIGAS' procurement

- Supplier: Tokyo Electric Power Company (TEPCO) Group
⇒ **Stable procurement through 100% bilateral contract based on long-term contract**

Impact of raw material price fluctuations on profit

- Responding with fuel cost adjustment, **resulting in a time lag impact**
- Short-term impact on profit, **Minimal impact on profit in long-term**

Slide time lag

Raw material price Impact on Profit

- Downward phase ➡ **Positive** impact
 Upward phase ➡ **Negative** impact

Raw Materials Price Index

- CIF price (LNG, crude oil, coal), Exchange rate

City Gas

NICIGAS' procurement

- Supplier: Tokyo Electric Power Company (TEPCO) Group, etc.
⇒ **Stable procurement through long-term contract**

Impact of raw material price fluctuations on profit

- Responding with raw material cost adjustment system, **resulting in a time lag impact**
- Short-term impact on profit, **Minimal impact on profit in long-term**

Slide time lag

Raw material price Impact on Profit

- Downward phase ➡ **Positive** impact
 Upward phase ➡ **Negative** impact

Raw Materials Price Index

- CIF price (LNG), Exchange rate